



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/073,008	02/12/2002	Masayuki Hariya	389.41181X00	5084

24956 7590 04/25/2006

MATTINGLY, STANGER, MALUR & BRUNDIDGE, P.C.
1800 DIAGONAL ROAD
SUITE 370
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314

EXAMINER

OSBORNE, LUKE R

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2123

DATE MAILED: 04/25/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/073,008	Applicant(s) HARIYA ET AL.	
	Examiner Luke Osborne	Art Unit 2123	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 February 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 17-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 17-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/12/2002</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Status

1. Claims 17-20 are pending in the instant application.

Claims 17-20 stand rejected.

Applicants' arguments submitted 02/06/2006 have been fully considered, Examiners response is as follows.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submission on 2/12/2002 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Applicant's consider the translation of the abstract from reference AM as the concise explanation of the relevance of the non English reference AM. Since only a translation of the abstract was provided the Examiner has considered the abstract of the reference and noted such on the attached IDS.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's have cancelled the previous set of pending claims. Since no claims remain from the previous set the rejections those rejections have been withdrawn. Furthermore, the new grounds of rejections render Applicant's arguments moot.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Database Techniques for Archival of Solid Models by McWherter et al hereinafter "McWherter" in view of U.S.PG-Pub No. 2002/0042697 "Yamada" (previously cited).

Regarding claim 1, McWherter teaches an analytical model preparing apparatus comprising:

means for entering a shape model to be analyzed [Distance-based indexing and clustering will enable efficient retrieval of models that are similar to a given query model (The given model means that the reference must contain means for entering such a model to be analyzed) Page 78, column 2];

a database which maps at least one already prepared shape model with an analytical model and registers the same [store a collection of CAD/CAM models in a database and perform efficient search and retrieval of these models (Page 80, Section 3)];

degree of approximation calculating means including [topological similarity assessment of solid models (Page 78, Abstract)];

means for comparing the shape elements in the shape model to be analyzed with the shape elements in the already prepared shape model and associating the shape elements with each other, [To this end, as described in Figure 1, we first construct a mapping from the boundary representation of solid models to a graph-based data structure that we call the Model Signature Graph (The shape elements are represented in the data structure, this is used to query or associate as claimed the elements with each other)];

means for calculating a degree of approximation based on the number of shape elements of the shape model to be analyzed associated with the shape elements of the already prepared shape model [A primary goal of the distance metric is to ensure that two identical graphs have no distance between them. In addition, two graphs with

Art Unit: 2123

only minor differences should consistently be measured relatively closely (page 81-82, Section 3.2 EigenDistance-Based Similarity)], and

means for displaying the already prepared shape models sequentially from larger to smaller degrees of approximation on a display screen, and in response to an instruction, selecting at least one already prepared shape model from among said already prepared shape models displayed [Figure 5 on page 83 shows the similarity matrix for the models in the study]; and

McWherter does not expressly teach that an analytical model (mesh) is prepared for the entered shape model. However, McWherter does teach that there is no significant restriction on the attributes stored in the vertices and edges in a MSG. The selection to be used in applied systems will most likely be tailored to meet the needs of the particular application.

Yamada teaches not only that (analytical models) meshes are a typical feature of CAD or CAE applications and models [Yamada : 0005], and therefore would be an attribute that could be stored in a MSG. Further Yamada teaches analytical model preparing means [creating a mesh from a template mesh] for preparing an analytical model of the shape model to be analyzed by use of information prepared for the analytical model corresponding to said already prepared shape model selected. [Yamada: figure 9, Paragraphs 0078-0081] These paragraphs describe how a new mesh is generated for a changed (therefore similar) part using the similar part, improving the analytical model (mesh) if necessary.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to combine the solid model database system of McWherter with the analytical model generation means.

The motivation to do so is found in Yamada paragraph 0006, which states that the automatically generated mesh may not be suitable for the analysis to be performed, and as figure 1 shows and paragraph 0036 teaches that a shape differing but similar the intent of the designer can still be captured. The combination as taught would allow the designer to have access to a multitude of similar parts available, which as Yamada teaches saves time.

Claims 18-20 are taught by the combination applied to claim 17, further in view of McWherter.

The claims recite where the approximation calculating means includes comparing
(claim 18) an intrinsic identifier [as best understood an intrinsic identifier is as defined in the instant specification paragraph 0059 as "Shape elements such as solid, surface, segment and point composing a shape model have a solid number, a surface number, a segment number and a point number as intrinsic identifiers in the shape model" is taught by a topological identifier for the face (planar, conical, etc) page 81]

(claim 19) topological information [topological identifier for the face (page 81)]

(claim 20) coordinate values [edges of the graph (page 81)]

of the shape element in the shape model to be analyzed with the one in the database. These features are taught by McWherter as shown above.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the date of this final action.

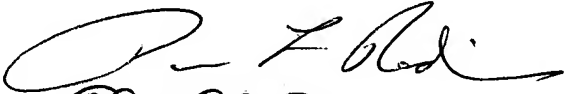
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Luke Osborne whose telephone number is (571) 272-4027. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul L. Rodriguez can be reached on (571) 272-3753. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2123

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

LRO


Paul L. Rodriguez 1/25/06
Spec Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2125/23